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Class-09 Sub-.Maths

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3. Check which of the following are solutions of the equation $x-2y = 4$ and which are not:

(i) (0, 2)

(ii) (2, 0)

(iii) (4, 0)

(iv) ($\sqrt{2}$, $4\sqrt{2}$)

(v) (1, 1)

Solutions:

(i) (0, 2)

(x,y) = (0,2)

Here, $x=0$ and $y=2$

Substituting the values of x and y in the equation $x-2y = 4$, we get,

$$x-2y = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow 0 - (2 \times 2) = 4$$

But, $-4 \neq 4$

(0, 2) is **not** a solution of the equation $x-2y = 4$

(ii) (2, 0)

(x,y) = (2, 0)

Here, $x = 2$ and $y = 0$

Substituting the values of x and y in the equation $x-2y = 4$, we get,

$$x-2y = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow 2-(2 \times 0) = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow 2 - 0 = 4$$

But, $2 \neq 4$

(2, 0) is **not** a solution of the equation $x-2y = 4$

(iii) (4, 0)

Solution:

$$(x,y) = (4, 0)$$

Here, $x= 4$ and $y=0$

Substituting the values of x and y in the equation $x -2y = 4$, we get,

$$x-2y = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow 4 - 2 \times 0 = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow 4-0 = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow 4 = 4$$

(4, 0) is a solution of the equation $x-2y = 4$

(iv) ($\sqrt{2}, 4\sqrt{2}$)

Solution:

$$(x,y) = (\sqrt{2}, 4\sqrt{2})$$

Here, $x = \sqrt{2}$ and $y = 4\sqrt{2}$

Substituting the values of x and y in the equation $x-2y = 4$, we get,

$$x -2y = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{2}-(2 \times 4\sqrt{2}) = 4$$

$$\sqrt{2}-8\sqrt{2} = 4$$

$$\text{But, } -7\sqrt{2} \neq 4$$

($\sqrt{2}, 4\sqrt{2}$) is **not** a solution of the equation $x-2y = 4$

(v) (1, 1)

Solution:

$$(x,y) = (1, 1)$$

Here, $x= 1$ and $y= 1$

Substituting the values of x and y in the equation $x-2y = 4$, we get,

$$x -2y = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 - (2 \times 1) = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 - 2 = 4$$

But, $-1 \neq 4$

$(1, 1)$ is **not** a solution of the equation $x - 2y = 4$